| | Instructions: Identify at least 3 (but no more than 5) bullet points for each of the following age groups. I got you started with examples for some of the cells. No need to cite in APA format. | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Developmental Age Group | Typical developmental achievements or behaviors | Theorists & theories relevant to this group | Challenges/stressors of being in the hospital | Common behaviors when feeling stressed, afraid, anxious | Ways to promote coping, ideas for child life intervention | |
| Infant | Learning to trust caregivers Basic trust that needs will be provided Understand world though senses and actions | Bowlby's attachment theory Erikson's stages of psychosocial development Jean Piaget's cognitive development theory | Loss of routine Confusion with who is primary caregiver Unfamiliar setting | Rejects strangers Stress Struggles eating Struggles to sooth | Consistent routines Provided same needs in hospital as at home Provide support to parents to cope | |
| Toddler | Shows attachment to caregivers Dependency Trusts caregivers for basic needs | Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theory Bowlby's attachment theory Lev Vygotsky's sociocultural theory | Confusion with who is primary caregiver Lack of autonomy Unfamiliar setting | Rejects strangers Shows sings of emotional distress Anger Inability to process feelings | Keeping child distracted/enterta ined Allow child to see equipment before used Allowing child to seek independence through activities | |
| Preschool | Follow through with plans and instructions Learn language Competitiveness | Jean Piaget's cognitive development theory Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theory Erikson's stages of psychosocial development | Lack independence they are trying to seek Cannot express thoughts as not | Guilt Unable to process feelings Anger | Allowing child to seek independence through activities Show children medical equipment to | |

| School Age | Learn how things function/work Learning reason behind action Find purpose in actions Competency | Lev Vygotsky's socio-cultural theory Erikson's stages of psychosocial development Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theory | aware with setting • Lack of autonomy • Feeling unable to control situation • Loss of routine/ confusion with routine • Feel helpless/unable to assist | Inferiority at understanding the process Depression Isolation | teach them what is happening to them • Medical play • Allowing child to see medical equipment before it is used on them • Allow sense of normalcy through play • Peer groups/activities |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Adolescent | Able to think abstractly Learn the concept of time Competency Fidelity | Erikson's stages of psychosocial development Lev Vygotsky's sociocultural theory Jean Piaget's cognitive development theory | Loss of privacy Loss of relationships/de velopmental social milestones Loss of relationships | Depression, withdrawal Anxiety Confusion with identity | Maintain contact with peer group Autonomy over choices Create activity's that are age appropriate for distraction |
| Young Adult | Think logical and reason, strategize and plan Mature biologically Love Care | Sigmund Freud's psychoanalytic theory Jean Piaget's cognitive development theory Lev Vygotsky's sociocultural theory | Loss of privacy Loss of peer relationships Loss of job | Depression and anxiety Isolation Withdrawal from caregivers | Creating a routine Maintain contact with peer groups Create activity's that are age appropriate for distraction |